WO 2005/102437 PCT/US2005/012877

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A medical filter for therapeutic treatment of a patient, comprising:

a first and second end defining a longitudinal axis;

a plurality of struts extending between the first and second ends, the struts tending to resiliently expand in radially outward directions from a compressed initial shape to an expanded deployed shape;

wherein in the expanded deployed shape, the struts define a first and second filter section and a center section connecting the filter sections;

wherein each of the first and second filter sections define a number of filter cells, and the second filter section defines a greater number of filter cells than the first filter section;

such that the second filter section exhibits a greater filtering efficiency than the first filter section.

- 2. The filter of Claim 1, adapted for use in a body passage or vessel defining a fluid flow direction, such that the first filter section is positioned upstream of the second filter section.
- 3. The filter of Claim 1, wherein the filter is formed out of one single unitary metal element.
- 4. The filter of Claim 1, adapted for use in the vena cava.
- 5. The filter of Claim 1, further comprising anchors formed on at least one surface of the vascular filter, adapted to increase position retention of the filter.

WO 2005/102437 PCT/US2005/012877

6. The filter of Claim 1, wherein in the expanded shape, a central portion of each strut tends to extend parallel to the longitudinal axis.

- 7. The filter of Claim 1, wherein the filter is made of nitinol.
- 8. A medical filter for therapeutic treatment of a patient, comprising:
 - a first and second end defining a longitudinal axis;
- a plurality of struts extending between the first and second ends, the struts tending to resiliently expand in radially outward directions from a compressed initial shape to an expanded deployed shape;

wherein in the expanded deployed shape, the struts define a first and second filter section and a center section connecting the filter sections;

wherein the second filter section has a greater number of struts than the first filter section;

such that the second filter section exhibits a greater filtering efficiency than the first filter section.